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The **TDI5-DL** (Temperature and **D**igital Input) translates up to five signals for the data link (DL bus), which can be either a digital signal (On/Off) or the measurement from a PT1000 sensor. **Digital signals must be potential-free.** 

**Please note:** Due to the inertia of the DL bus, this module is **not** suitable for time-critical applications (e.g. digital inputs as pushbuttons).

#### **Electrical connection**

Example: connection to a UVR16x2 controller



The principles of DL bus cabling are described extensively in the installation instructions for the freely programmable controllers. The polarity of the data link is interchangeable.

#### Index

The TDI5-DL transmits values to the data link via the following indices. These correspond to the input statuses.

Index	Unit	Source/value			
1-5	On/Off	External digital signal	Inputs 1-5		
6-10	Temperature °C	PT1000 sensor	Inputs 1-5		
11-12	Not used				
13	Dimensionless	Dimensionless number from 0-31, which issues all input statuses in binary. See chapter "Binary decoder".			
14	Dimensionless	Serial number of the module			
15	Dimensionless	Software version (without decimal points)			

# Input extension

## **Programming in TAPPS2**

In the following example, the default DL bus address of 1 is used.



The most important settings can be found under **General.** If a digital (On/Off) input is to be read out (index 1-5), the type must be set to **Digital**; otherwise, it must be **Analogue**. In addition, specify the DL bus address set on the TDI5-DL (default 1), as well as the index of the required input.

If the Measured variable is set to Automatic, no further settings are required under Unit.

The table found under **Index** (page 2) provides information about which index belongs to which input status.

# Binary decoder (only x2 devices)

To evaluate the states of the 5 digital inputs using a single index, a range function is required in binary decoder mode.



The DL input with **Index 13** outputs a number between 0 and 31, which is decoded by the binary decoder to produce a binary number with the input statuses. That DL input must therefore be linked to the input variable **Reference value** (as shown in the graphic). The settings for the thresholds must be made in accordance with the graphic below.

Range function - Binary decoder X						
Input variables	Parameters	Output variables				
Des. group	User	lef.				
Designation	n Binan	/ decoder				
Des. index						
Mode	Binan	/ decoder				
Function qu	uantity					
Diff. on						
Diff. off						
Thresholds						
Number	5					
Threshold A	0					
Threshold B	8 1					
Threshold C	2					
Threshold D	) 3					
Threshold E	4					
		OK		Cancel		

5 thresholds, defined in sequence from 0 to 4, correctly transfer the decoded value.

The binary decoder uses output variable **Status A-B** to issue the status of input 1; output variable **Status B-C** to issue the status of input 2, etc. The user is responsible for the further use of these variables.

# **DL address**

The DI5-DL has a default address of 1. This address can be changed using the DIP switches in the device. The final address is made up of the default 1 and the sum of the DIP switches that are set to "ON".

#### Example

Required address				
Default setting	1			
DIP switches <b>1</b> and <b>4</b>	+ 5			
Sum = address	= 6			
DIP switches <b>1</b> and <b>4</b> must be set to <b>ON</b> .				



Position of DIP switches as per the example.

#### **Dimensions in mm**

IP rating

Terminal area

Max. ambient temperature



IP 20

max.  $1.5 \text{ mm}^2$ 

45 °C

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